

CLIENTS ACCEPTANCE POLICY



A.N All New Investments Ltd operating under the trading name **LegacyFX.eu** is a Cypriot Investment Firm ("CIF") registered with the Registrar of Companies in Nicosia under number: HE 348194 and regulated by the Cyprus Securities & Exchange Commission ("CySEC") under license number 344/17 (hereinafter called "**The Company**").

SCOPE

The Client Acceptance Policy (hereinafter the "CAP") is prepared in line with the provisions of the Law and the Directive DI144-2007-08 OF 2012 of CySEC for the prevention of money laundering and terrorist financing and includes the principles guidelines which define the Client categorization criteria and the criteria for acceptance of new Clients.

GENERAL PRINCIPLES

The Company shall classify Clients into various risk categories and based on the risk perception decide on the acceptance criteria for each category of Clients.

The Company shall apply for all prospective clients a due diligence and KYC procedures prior to account opening in accordance with the principles and procedures set the Risk Management and Procedures Manual as well as with Back Office Manual regarding the Prevention of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing. All documents and data described in the Risk Management and Procedures Manual regarding the Prevention of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing must be collected before accepting a new client.

No account shall be opened in anonymous or fictitious name(s).

No account shall be opened unless the prospective Client is approved by the Head of Back Office and or the AML Compliance Officer.



CRITERIA AND CATEGORIES

The Company shall adopt appropriate systems and controls which shall reflect the degree of risk associated with the business and its clients. The following risk factors shall be evaluated: nature of clients, products and type of transactions intended, geographical area of operations. Based on potential risk the prospective clients shall be determined in the low, normal or high-risk category, or declined as per conditions below.

The risk-based approach involves the identification, recording and evaluation of the risk that the Company must manage. The risk-based approach aims to direct Company's resources to where the risk is greatest. It cannot be uniformly applied; therefore, it takes into consideration factors such as the clients' background, type and nature of its business activities, its country of origin, the services and the financial instruments applied for, the anticipated level and nature of business transactions as well as the expected source and origin of funds. Back Office and AMLCO are responsible to categorize the clients. Low risk category

The following types of Clients can be classified as low risk clients and a simplified client due diligence and identification procedures should be performed.

- Credit or financial institution covered by the EU Directive
- Credit or financial institution carrying out one or more of the financial business activities as these are defined by the Law and which is situated in a country outside the EEA, which in accordance with a decision of the Advisory Authority, imposes requirements equivalent to those laid down by the EU Directive and it is under supervision for compliance with those requirements.
- Listed companies whose securities are admitted to trading on a Regulated Market in a country of the EEA or in a third country which is subject to disclosure requirements consistent with community legislation
- Domestic public authorities of countries of the EEA.



NORMAL RISK CATEGORY

Any Client who does not fall under the "Low risk" or "High risk" categories should be set in normal risk category clients.

HIGH RISK CATEGORY

The following types of Clients can be classified as high-risk Clients with respect to the Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing risk which the Company faces:

- Clients who are not physically present for identification purposes (non-face to face Clients)
- Clients whose own shares or those of their companies have been issued in bearer form Trust accounts
- Clients' accounts under the name of a third person
- Politically exposed persons' accounts and its associates
- Clients who are involved in electronic gambling/gaming activities through the internet
- Clients from countries which inadequately apply FATF's recommendations
- Any other clients determined by the Company itself to be classified as such.

All Non-face to face Clients shall be classified as high-risk category.

In addition, a sub-categorization shall be used for evaluating the risk and distributing the clients accordingly:

- 1. **High-Low category** where fall the clients from EU countries, or non-EU but submitted a certified ID, or residents of country that don't fully comply with FATF but submitted a certified international passport.
- 2. **High-Medium category** a combination of clients from non-EU countries submitted an international passport, or from the country that don't fully comply with FATF but submitted a certified IDs.
- 3. **High-High category** clients residing in countries that don't fully comply with FATF requirements, submitted non-certified identification documents, different that international passport, all PEPs.



In addition, clients shall be categorized on a weekly base depending on the amount they deposited and the payment methods they use as follows:

- 1. **High-Low category** includes all bank wire transfers regardless the amount and deposits up to \$1000 received via the other payment methods.
- 2. **High-Medium category** fell deposits between \$1000- \$15000 (excluding bank wire transfers) and all deposits via credit cards, regardless the amount, where a copy of the card is submitted.
- 3. **High-High category** all deposits above \$15000 (excluding bank wire transfers), all deposits done via e-wallets or cash deposits, for example via Western Union.

CLIENTS' RE-CATEGORISATION

Under special circumstances the clients can be re-categorized, meaning that clients can be moved from a higher to lower risk category when the following conditions arise:

- Client visited Company offices or Company's employee met with him/her.
- Client presented additional documents (International passport, Bank reference letter, certified copies, etc.)
- Client's residential address has changed, and the client resides in a lower risk country
- Client's residential country has been moved from a sanction list or been improved.

Under special circumstances the clients can be also re-categorized, but in meaning that clients can be moved from a lower to higher risk category when the following conditions arise:

- Client's residential address has changed, and the client resides in a higher risk country
- Client's residential country has been moved in a sanction list.
- Client's status has changed, for example the client has become a PEP.
- Client has used suspicious trading behavior: unusual high deposit, numerous credit cards and/or rejected transactions, third party's deposits, etc.



LOW RISK CLIENTS

The Company shall accept clients who fall in low risk category if the general principles set in paragraph 'Criteria and Categories' of this Policy are followed. Moreover, the Company shall follow the Simplified Client Identification and Due Diligence Procedures for such Clients.

NORMAL RISK CLIENTS

The Company shall accept clients who are categorized as normal risk ones if the general principles set in paragraph 'Criteria and Categories' of this Policy are followed.

HIGH RISK CLIENTS

The Company shall accept clients who are categorized under high risk category if the general principles set in paragraph 'Criteria and Categories' in this Policy are followed.

Moreover, the Company shall apply the Enhanced Client Identification and Due Diligence measures for high risk clients, according to the due diligence and identification procedures for the specific types of high risk clients set out in the Company's Risk Management and Procedures Manual regarding the Prevention of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing, as applicable.

JOINT ACCOUNTS

The Company may accept joint accounts of two or more persons, provided that the identity of all individuals that hold or have the right to manage the account are verified in accordance to the Company's verification requirements as included in the AML Manual of the Company.

 You shall all be considered Clients under this Agreement and shall all be jointly and severally liable for the Obligations and liabilities of all and any of you under this Agreement or in any other dealings between you and us.



- 2. Unless and until we receive written notice signed by all of you withdrawing or varying the position as stated to limit your authority to a specific named individual joint Account holder:
 - Each joint holder will have full authority on behalf of all the joint holders to deal with us as fully and completely as if it were the sole owner of the Account without any notice to the other joint holders. This includes any instruction to liquidate, close and/ or withdraw any balance from the Account;
 - Any of the joint holders may give us an effective and final discharge in respect of any of their
 Obligations under this Agreement; and
 - Any notice or communication given to one joint holder shall be deemed to be given to all, and unless otherwise agreed in writing, we may contact and deal with only one of you subject to any legal requirements to the contrary.
- 3. On the death of any of the joint Account holders:
 - Our Agreement will not terminate but remain binding on the other person(s) constituting our
 Client and we may treat such survivor(s) as the only person(s) party to this Agreement with us;
 and
 - We will transfer the balance of your Account, and responsibility for any obligations connected with the Account, into the survivors' / survivor's name(s).
- 4. Where you are trustees of a trust or personal representative of an estate, you undertake to give us notice forthwith of any change in trustees or personal representatives.
- 5. Where you are trustees of a trust, you undertake to supply us with copies of any documents now existing (or hereafter executed) limiting, extending or varying the powers of the trustees or amending the objects of the trust and any other documents or information we may reasonably require in connection therewith.

- 6. Any joint Account holder may ask us to convert the Account into a sole Account, however, in such an instance:
 - We will require authority in writing from all joint Account holders before doing so; and
 - Any person removed from the Account will continue to be liable for all obligations and liabilities
 under the Agreement relating only to the period before they were removed from the Account.
- 7. Notwithstanding the above, we may in our reasonable discretion:
 - Require joint instructions from some or all the joint holders before taking any action under this
 Agreement; and
 - If we receive instructions from a joint holder which, in our opinion, conflict or are inconsistent with other instructions, advise one or more joint holders of such conflict or inconsistency and or take no action on any such instructions until we receive further instructions satisfactory to us.

NOT ACCEPTABLE CLIENTS

The Company may decline to accept a client when there appears a risk of abusing its services. The following list predetermines the type of Clients who are not acceptable for establishing a Business Relationship or an execution of an Occasional Transaction with the Company:

- Clients who fail or refuse to submit, the requisite data and information for the verification of his identity and the creation of his economic profile, without adequate justification;
- Shell Banks;
- Clients who reside in jurisdictions that require the Company to establish regulated representative offices in such jurisdictions and the Company has not done so. Such jurisdictions are advised by the Compliance function.



CLIENTS IDENTIFICATION, DUE DILIGENCE AND KYC PROCEDURES

With regards to the Law and for the needs of KYC procedure, the Company shall create a profile for each prospective client before valuating the risk and takes a decision of his acceptance. Therefore, all prospective clients shall complete an Investment Questionnaire which differs for natural personas and legal entities. Prospective introducers must complete additional questionnaire concerning the aspects of business relations with the Company.

All prospective clients are obliged to provide the Company with certain documents prior account opening. The list with the required documents differs depending on the status natural person or legal entity. Additional documents are required depending on the relations with the Company – where client acts on his own or on behalf of third part, or where client introduces new clients for the Company or acts individually.

A. Prospective client natural person

- a valid color copy proof of identity issued by an Independent authority such as a Passport, or National ID, in case there is no passport; a color copy proof of residence issued up to six (6) months back; a proof of signature.
- In addition, there could be requested more documents (e.g. credit cards or a bank statements)
- Prospective client legal entity:
- Certified copy of the Certificate of Incorporation
- Certified copy of the Certificate of Registered Office
- Certified copy of the Certificate of Directors and Secretary
- Certified copy of the Certificate of Shareholders
- Certified copy of the Memorandum and Articles of Association
- Board of Directors Resolution regarding opening an account with the Company
- Certified copy of the Passports or IDs of all individuals who grant authority to act and sign on behalf of the Legal entity.
- Certified copy of the Passport or ID of the beneficial owner



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- Declaration for the ultimate beneficial owners of the Legal entity if different from the shareholders
- Certified copy of the bank statement or utility bill where address stated must be same as the stated on the Agreement.
- a valid color proof of identity issued by an Independent authority such as a Passport, National ID,
 International driver's license;
- a proof of signature.
- In addition, there could be requested more documents (e.g. credit cards or a bank statements)
- Prospective client legal entity:
- Certified copy of the Certificate of Incorporation
- Certified copy of the Certificate of Registered Office
- Certified copy of the Certificate of Directors and Secretary
- Certified copy of the Certificate of Shareholders
- Certified copy of the Memorandum and Articles of Association
- Board of Directors Resolution regarding opening an account with the Company
- Certified copy of the Passports or IDs of all individuals who grant authority to act and sign on behalf of the Legal entity.
- Certified copy of the Passport or ID of the beneficial owner
- Declaration for the ultimate beneficial owners of the Legal entity if different from the shareholders
- Certified copy of the bank statement or utility bill where address stated must be same as the stated on the Agreement.



B. Prospective client intending to introduce clients (IB)

- Depending on the legal status, these clients shall provide the Company with the relevant required documents (see the lists above)
- C. Prospective client acting on behalf of third part shall provide the Company with a Certified Power of Attorney plus the full set of required documents depending of his legal status (see the lists above)

All provided documents are kept in KYC electronic copy files and backed up in separate servers away from the physical presence of the back office and/or in I-cloud. They are stored with a limited access. Rejected client's documents shall be kept in a virtual copy file together with all relevant information regarding their rejection. Both accepted and rejected clients shall be duly informed of Company's decision by the Head of Back Office, and by AML Compliance Officer in cases of their rejection.

MISCELLANEOUS

The Company will provide all appropriate training to all employees involved with clients' acceptance and monitoring. The concerned employees must be aware of the content of this policy and failing to this will be sanctioned.

THE POLICY IS SUBJECT TO INTERNAL CONTROL AND REVIEW BY:

- Regular reviews made by Risk Management and AMLCO,
- Annual Internal Audit Report to review procedures in conjunction with all legal regulatory requirements, Adequate ongoing stuff training